## Package: visvaR (via r-universe)

February 15, 2025

**Title** Shiny-Based Statistical Solutions for Agricultural Research **Version** 1.0.0

Description Visualize Variance is an intuitive 'shiny' applications tailored for agricultural research data analysis, including one-way and two-way analysis of variance, correlation, and other essential statistical tools. Users can easily upload their datasets, perform analyses, and download the results as a well-formatted document, streamlining the process of data analysis and reporting in agricultural research. The experimental design methods are based on classical work by Fisher (1925) and Scheffe (1959). The correlation visualization approaches follow methods developed by Wei & Simko (2021) and Friendly (2002) <doi:10.1198/000313002533>.

**License** AGPL (>= 3) **Encoding** UTF-8

**Roxygen** list(markdown = TRUE)

RoxygenNote 7.3.2

URL https://github.com/rameshram96/visvaR,
 https://rameshram96.github.io/visvaR/

BugReports https://github.com/rameshram96/visvaR/issues

**Imports** agricolae, bslib, corrplot, flextable, ggcorrplot, ggplot2, officer, patchwork, shiny, tibble, tidyr, rlang, dplyr, DT, readxl, htmltools, utils, stats, graphics, grDevices

**Suggests** testthat (>= 3.0.0), writexl, shinytest2, extrafont

Config/testthat/edition 3

Config/pak/sysreqs libcairo2-dev libfontconfig1-dev libfreetype6-dev libfribidi-dev make libharfbuzz-dev libicu-dev libjpeg-dev libpng-dev libtiff-dev libxml2-dev libssl-dev zlib1g-dev

**Repository** https://rameshram96.r-universe.dev

RemoteUrl https://github.com/rameshram96/visvar

RemoteRef HEAD

RemoteSha 8357c6e79f680c172d56c0163da5131526d87c2f

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## Description

function to make sure that extrafont package is installed properly and fonts are imported and loaded to be used in the pacakge

## Usage

```
check_extrafont()
```

#### **Details**

function to make sure that extrafont package is installed properly and fonts are imported and loaded to be used in the pacakge

To use custom fonts, please install the extrafont package and run extrafont::font\_import() and extrafont::loadfonts().

correlation\_multi

Run the Shiny App for Correlation Analysis of multiple variables

## Description

App allows user to import data through excel/.csv files or through clipboard and select the correlation method and download the results with few customization options

## Usage

```
correlation_multi
```

#### **Details**

This Shiny app is part of the visvaR package and is designed for correlation analysis and user can download the report in word format also has option to download the correlation plot as .png file. To use custom fonts, please install the extrafont package and run extrafont::font\_import() and extrafont::loadfonts().

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#### Value

This function runs a local instance of the Shiny app in your default web browser. The app interface allows users to upload data, select analysis methods, and download outputs.

#### Author(s)

Ramesh Ramasamy

Mathiyarsai Kulandaivadivel

Tamilselvan Arumugam

#### References

Wei, T., & Simko, V. (2021). R package 'corrplot': Visualization of a Correlation Matrix (Version 0.92). Available from https://CRAN.R-project.org/package=corrplot. Friendly, M. (2002). Corrgrams: Exploratory displays for correlation matrices. The American Statistician, 56(4), 316-324.

```
# Example 1: Basic usage
if(interactive()) {
 correlation_multi()
}
# Example 2: Sample workflow with iris dataset
if(interactive()) {
 # Prepare sample data
 write.csv(iris[, 1:4], "sample_data.csv", row.names = FALSE)
 # Launch the app
 correlation_multi()
 # Instructions for users:
 # 1. Click "Choose a file" and select sample_data.csv
 # 2. Select correlation method (e.g., "pearson")
 # 3. Click "Analyze"
 # 4. View results in different tabs
 # 5. Download plot or Word report as needed
 # Clean up
 unlink("sample_data.csv")
}
# Example 3: Using clipboard data
if(interactive()) {
 # Copy this to clipboard:
 # Var1, Var2, Var3
 # 1,2,3
 # 4,5,6
 # 7,8,9
 correlation_multi()
```

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```
# Click "Paste from Clipboard" after copying data
}
```

oneway\_crd

Run the Shiny App for performing one-way ANOVA on data from a completely randomized design.

## **Description**

App allows user to import data through excel/.csv files or through clipboard and user can select the post-hoc test method and download the report which contains anova results and plots

#### Usage

oneway\_crd()

#### **Details**

This Shiny app is part of the visvaR package and is designed for analysis of variance on data from completely randomized design (one factor) and user can download the report in word format. The analysis of variance was performed using R's aov() function (Chambers & Hastie, 1992; R Core Team, 2024), which implements the classical ANOVA methodology developed by Fisher (1925). To use custom fonts, please install the extrafont package and run extrafont::font\_import() and extrafont::loadfonts().

## Value

This function runs a local instance of the Shiny app in your default web browser. The app interface allows users to upload data, select analysis method, and download outputs.

#### Author(s)

Ramesh Ramasamy

Mathiyarsai Kulandaivadivel

Tamilselvan Arumugam

## References

Fisher, R. A. (1925). Statistical Methods for Research Workers. Oliver and Boyd, Edinburgh. Scheffe, H. (1959). The Analysis of Variance. John Wiley & Sons, New York. R Core Team (2024). R: A language and environment for statistical computing. R Foundation for Statistical Computing, Vienna, Austria. URL https://www.R-project.org/

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```
# Example 1: Basic usage
if(interactive()) {
 oneway_crd()
# Example 2: Sample workflow with plant growth experiment
if(interactive()) {
 # Prepare sample data
 plant_data <- data.frame(</pre>
   Treatment = rep(c("Control", "Low", "Medium", "High"), each = 3),
   Replication = rep(1:3, times = 4),
   Plant_{Height} = c(25.3, 24.8, 25.1, # Control
                     27.6, 28.1, 27.9, # Low
                     30.2, 29.8, 30.5, # Medium
                     26.8, 27.2, 26.5), # High
   Leaf_Count = c(8, 7, 8, \# Control)
                   10, 11, 10, # Low
                   12, 13, 12, # Medium
                   9, 8, 9)
                               # High
 # Save as Excel file
 write.xlsx(plant_data, "plant_data.xlsx")
 # Launch the app
 oneway_crd()
 # Instructions for users:
 # 1. Click "Choose .xlsx or .csv" and select plant_data.xlsx
 # 2. Select post-hoc test method (e.g., "Tukey HSD")
 # 3. Customize plot appearance if desired:
      - Choose bar color
      - Select font style
      - Adjust font size
 # 4. Click "Analyze"
 # 5. View results in different tabs
 # 6. Download Word report
 # Clean up
 unlink("plant_data.xlsx")
# Example 3: Using clipboard data
if(interactive()) {
 # Copy this to clipboard:
 # Treatment, Replication, Yield
 # Control, 1, 45.2
 # Control, 2, 44.8
 # Control, 3, 45.5
 # Treatment1,1,48.6
 # Treatment1,2,49.2
```

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```
# Treatment1,3,48.9
 # Treatment2,1,52.3
 # Treatment2,2,51.8
 # Treatment2,3,52.7
 oneway_crd()
 # Click "Use Clipboard Data" after copying data
}
# Example 4: Multiple response variables
if(interactive()) {
 # Create data with multiple responses
 multi_response_data <- data.frame(</pre>
   Treatment = rep(c("Control", "Treatment1", "Treatment2"), each = 4),
   Replication = rep(1:4, times = 3),
   Height = rnorm(12, mean = c(rep(20,4), rep(25,4), rep(30,4)), sd = 2),
   Weight = rnorm(12, mean = c(rep(50,4), rep(60,4), rep(70,4)), sd = 5),
   Length = rnorm(12, mean = c(rep(10,4), rep(12,4), rep(15,4)), sd = 1)
 )
 # Save as Excel file
 write.xlsx(multi_response_data, "multi_response.xlsx")
 # Launch the app
 oneway_crd()
 # App will analyze all response variables (Height, Weight, Length)
 # and generate separate analyses and plots for each
 # Clean up
 unlink("multi_response.xlsx")
}
# Example 5: Working with data frame in memory
if(interactive()) {
 # Create data frame
 yield_data <- data.frame(</pre>
   Variety = rep(c("V1", "V2", "V3", "V4"), each = 3),
   Replication = rep(1:3, times = 4),
   Grain_Yield = c(
     4.5, 4.7, 4.6, # V1
     5.2, 5.0, 5.3, # V2
     4.8, 4.9, 4.7, # V3
     5.5, 5.4, 5.6 # V4
   )
 )
 # Save temporarily and analyze
 write.xlsx(yield_data, "temp_data.xlsx")
 oneway_crd()
 unlink("temp_data.xlsx")
```

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oneway_rbd	Run the Shiny App for performing one-way ANOVA on data from a Randomized block design.
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#### Description

App allows user to import data through excel/.csv files or through clipboard and user can select the post-hoc test method and download the report which contains anova results and plots

#### Usage

```
oneway_rbd()
```

#### **Details**

This Shiny app is part of the visvaR package and is designed for analysis of variance on data from randomized block design (one factor) and user can download the report in word format. The analysis of variance was performed using R's aov() function (Chambers & Hastie, 1992; R Core Team, 2024), which implements the classical ANOVA methodology developed by Fisher (1925). To use custom fonts, please install the extrafont package and run extrafont::font\_import() and extrafont::loadfonts().

#### Value

This function runs a local instance of the Shiny app in your default web browser. The app interface allows users to upload data, select analysis method, and download outputs.

#### Author(s)

Ramesh Ramasamy Mathiyarsai Kulandaivadivel Tamilselvan Arumugam

#### References

Fisher, R. A. (1925). Statistical Methods for Research Workers. Oliver and Boyd, Edinburgh. Scheffe, H. (1959). The Analysis of Variance. John Wiley & Sons, New York. R Core Team (2024). R: A language and environment for statistical computing. R Foundation for Statistical Computing, Vienna, Austria. URL https://www.R-project.org/

```
# Example 1: Basic usage
if(interactive()) {
  oneway_rbd()
}
# Example 2: Sample workflow with plant growth experiment
```

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```
if(interactive()) {
 # Prepare sample data
 plant_data <- data.frame(</pre>
    Treatment = rep(c("Control", "Low", "Medium", "High"), each = 3),
   Replication = rep(1:3, times = 4),
   Plant_Height = c(25.3, 24.8, 25.1, # Control
                     27.6, 28.1, 27.9, # Low
                     30.2, 29.8, 30.5, # Medium
                     26.8, 27.2, 26.5), # High
   Leaf_Count = c(8, 7, 8, \# Control
                   10, 11, 10, # Low
                   12, 13, 12, # Medium
                   9, 8, 9)
                               # High
 )
 # Save as Excel file
 write.xlsx(plant_data, "plant_data.xlsx")
 # Launch the app
 oneway_rbd()
 # Instructions for users:
 # 1. Click "Choose .xlsx or .csv" and select plant_data.xlsx
 # 2. Select post-hoc test method (e.g., "Tukey HSD")
 # 3. Customize plot appearance if desired:
      - Choose bar color
      - Select font style
      - Adjust font size
 # 4. Click "Analyze"
 # 5. View results in different tabs
 # 6. Download Word report
 # Clean up
 unlink("plant_data.xlsx")
# Example 3: Using clipboard data
if(interactive()) {
 # Copy this to clipboard:
 # Treatment, Replication, Yield
 # Control, 1, 45.2
 # Control, 2, 44.8
 # Control, 3, 45.5
 # Treatment1,1,48.6
 # Treatment1,2,49.2
 # Treatment1,3,48.9
 # Treatment2,1,52.3
 # Treatment2,2,51.8
 # Treatment2,3,52.7
 oneway_rbd()
 # Click "Use Clipboard Data" after copying data
```

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```
# Example 4: Multiple response variables
if(interactive()) {
    # Create data with multiple responses
    multi_response_data <- data.frame(
        Treatment = rep(c("Control", "Treatment1", "Treatment2"), each = 4),
        Replication = rep(1:4, times = 3),
        Height = rnorm(12, mean = c(rep(20,4), rep(25,4), rep(30,4)), sd = 2),
        Weight = rnorm(12, mean = c(rep(50,4), rep(60,4), rep(70,4)), sd = 5),
        Length = rnorm(12, mean = c(rep(10,4), rep(12,4), rep(15,4)), sd = 1)
)

# Save as Excel file
    write.xlsx(multi_response_data, "multi_response.xlsx")

# Launch the app
    oneway_rbd()
}</pre>
```

twoway\_crd

Run the Shiny App for performing two-way ANOVA on data from a completely randomized design.

#### **Description**

App allows user to import data through excel/.csv files or through clipboard and user can select the post-hoc test method and download the report which contains anova results and plots

## Usage

```
twoway_crd()
```

## **Details**

This Shiny app is part of the visvaR package and is designed for analysis of variance on data from completely randomized design (two factor) and user can download the report in word format. The analysis of variance was performed using R's aov() function (Chambers & Hastie, 1992; R Core Team, 2024), which implements the classical ANOVA methodology developed by Fisher (1925). To use custom fonts, please install the extrafont package and run extrafont::font\_import() and extrafont::loadfonts().

#### Value

This function runs a local instance of the Shiny app in your default web browser. The app interface allows users to upload data, select analysis method, and download outputs.

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#### Author(s)

Ramesh Ramasamy

Mathiyarsai Kulandaivadivel

Tamilselvan Arumugam

#### References

Fisher, R. A. (1925). Statistical Methods for Research Workers. Oliver and Boyd, Edinburgh. Scheffe, H. (1959). The Analysis of Variance. John Wiley & Sons, New York. R Core Team (2024). R: A language and environment for statistical computing. R Foundation for Statistical Computing, Vienna, Austria. URL https://www.R-project.org/

```
# Example 1: Basic usage
if(interactive()) {
 twoway_crd()
# Example 2: Sample workflow with factorial fertilizer experiment
if(interactive()) {
 # Prepare sample data with two factors: Nitrogen and Phosphorus levels
 fertilizer_data <- data.frame(</pre>
   Nitrogen = rep(c("N0", "N30", "N60"), each = 12),
   Phosphorus = rep(rep(c("P0", "P30", "P60", "P90"), each = 3), times = 3),
   Replication = rep(1:3, times = 12),
   Grain_Yield = c(
     4.2, 4.0, 4.1, # NO-PO
     4.8, 4.6, 4.7, # NO-P30
     5.1, 5.0, 5.2, # NO-P60
     5.0, 4.9, 5.1, # NO-P90
     5.5, 5.3, 5.4, # N30-P0
     6.2, 6.0, 6.1, # N30-P30
     6.8, 6.6, 6.7, # N30-P60
     6.7, 6.5, 6.6, # N30-P90
     6.0, 5.8, 5.9, # N60-P0
     6.8, 6.6, 6.7, # N60-P30
     7.5, 7.3, 7.4, # N60-P60
     7.4, 7.2, 7.3 # N60-P90
   ),
   Protein_Content = c(
     9.0, 8.8, 8.9, # NO-PO
     9.5, 9.3, 9.4, # NO-P30
     9.8, 9.6, 9.7, # NO-P60
     9.7, 9.5, 9.6,
                     # N0-P90
     10.5, 10.3, 10.4, # N30-P0
      11.2, 11.0, 11.1, # N30-P30
     11.8, 11.6, 11.7, # N30-P60
     11.7, 11.5, 11.6, # N30-P90
     12.0, 11.8, 11.9, # N60-P0
     12.8, 12.6, 12.7, # N60-P30
```

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```
13.5, 13.3, 13.4, # N60-P60
      13.4, 13.2, 13.3 # N60-P90
   )
 )
 # Save as Excel file
 write.xlsx(fertilizer_data, "fertilizer_data.xlsx")
 # Launch the app
 twoway_crd()
 # Instructions for users:
 # 1. Click "Choose .xlsx or .csv" and select fertilizer_data.xlsx
 # 2. Select post-hoc test method (e.g., "LSD" or "Tukey HSD")
 # 3. Customize plot appearance:
       - Select font style
       - Adjust font size
 # 4. Set output filename
 # 5. Click "Analyze"
 # 6. View results in different tabs
 # 7. Download comprehensive Word report
 # Clean up
 unlink("fertilizer\_data.xlsx")
}
# Example 3: Using clipboard data
if(interactive()) {
 # Copy this to clipboard:
 # Temperature,Light,Replication,Growth_Rate,Chlorophyll
 # Low, Dark, 1, 2.1, 15.2
 # Low, Dark, 2, 2.0, 15.0
 # Low, Dark, 3, 2.2, 15.1
 # Low, Medium, 1, 2.8, 16.5
 # Low, Medium, 2, 2.7, 16.3
 # Low, Medium, 3, 2.9, 16.4
 # Low, High, 1, 3.2, 17.8
 # Low, High, 2, 3.1, 17.6
 # Low, High, 3, 3.3, 17.7
 # High, Dark, 1, 2.5, 14.8
 # High, Dark, 2, 2.4, 14.6
 # High, Dark, 3, 2.6, 14.7
 # High, Medium, 1, 3.5, 16.2
 # High, Medium, 2, 3.4, 16.0
 # High, Medium, 3, 3.6, 16.1
 # High, High, 1, 4.2, 17.5
 # High, High, 2, 4.1, 17.3
 # High, High, 3, 4.3, 17.4
 twoway_crd()
 # Click "Use Clipboard Data" after copying data
}
```

```
# Example 4: Multiple response variables with variety trial
if(interactive()) {
 # Create data with multiple responses
 variety_trial <- data.frame(</pre>
   Irrigation = rep(c("Full", "Deficit"), each = 18),
   Variety = rep(rep(c("V1", "V2", "V3"), each = 6), times = 2),
   Replication = rep(1:6, times = 6),
   Yield = rnorm(36, mean = rep(c(5.5, 5.0, 4.8, 4.2, 3.8, 3.5), each = 6), sd = 0.2),
   WUE = rnorm(36, mean = rep(c(2.2, 2.4, 2.3, 2.8, 3.0, 2.9), each = 6), sd = 0.1),
   Biomass = rnorm(36, mean = rep(c(12.5, 11.8, 11.2, 10.2, 9.8, 9.5), each = 6), sd = 0.5)
 )
 # Save as Excel file
 write.xlsx(variety_trial, "variety_trial.xlsx")
 # Launch the app
 twoway_crd()
 # Clean up
 unlink("variety_trial.xlsx")
}
```

twoway\_rbd

Run the Shiny App for performing one-way ANOVA on data from a Randomized block design

#### Description

App allows user to import data through excel/.csv files or through clipboard and user can select the post-hoc test method and download the report which contains anova results and plots

#### Usage

```
twoway_rbd()
```

#### **Details**

This Shiny app is part of the visvaR package and is designed for analysis of variance randomized block design (two factor) and user can download the report in word format. To use custom fonts, please install the extrafont package and run extrafont::font\_import() and extrafont::loadfonts().

#### Value

This function runs a local instance of the Shiny app in your default web browser. The app interface allows users to upload data, select analysis method, and download outputs.

#### Author(s)

Ramesh Ramasamy

Mathiyarsai Kulandaivadivel

Tamilselvan Arumugam

#### References

Fisher, R. A. (1925). Statistical Methods for Research Workers. Oliver and Boyd, Edinburgh. Scheffe, H. (1959). The Analysis of Variance. John Wiley & Sons, New York. R Core Team (2024). R: A language and environment for statistical computing. R Foundation for Statistical Computing, Vienna, Austria. URL https://www.R-project.org/

```
# Example 1: Basic usage
if(interactive()) {
 twoway_rbd()
# Example 2: Sample workflow with factorial fertilizer experiment
if(interactive()) {
 # Prepare sample data with two factors: Nitrogen and Phosphorus levels
 fertilizer_data <- data.frame(</pre>
   Nitrogen = rep(c("N0", "N30", "N60"), each = 12),
   Phosphorus = rep(rep(c("P0", "P30", "P60", "P90"), each = 3), times = 3),
   Replication = rep(1:3, times = 12),
   Grain_Yield = c(
     4.2, 4.0, 4.1, # NO-PO
     4.8, 4.6, 4.7, # NO-P30
     5.1, 5.0, 5.2, # NO-P60
     5.0, 4.9, 5.1, # NO-P90
     5.5, 5.3, 5.4, # N30-P0
     6.2, 6.0, 6.1, # N30-P30
     6.8, 6.6, 6.7, # N30-P60
     6.7, 6.5, 6.6, # N30-P90
     6.0, 5.8, 5.9, # N60-P0
     6.8, 6.6, 6.7, # N60-P30
     7.5, 7.3, 7.4, # N60-P60
     7.4, 7.2, 7.3 # N60-P90
   ),
   Protein_Content = c(
     9.0, 8.8, 8.9, # NO-PO
     9.5, 9.3, 9.4, # NO-P30
     9.8, 9.6, 9.7, # NO-P60
     9.7, 9.5, 9.6,
                     # N0-P90
     10.5, 10.3, 10.4, # N30-P0
      11.2, 11.0, 11.1, # N30-P30
     11.8, 11.6, 11.7, # N30-P60
     11.7, 11.5, 11.6, # N30-P90
     12.0, 11.8, 11.9, # N60-P0
     12.8, 12.6, 12.7, # N60-P30
```

```
13.5, 13.3, 13.4, # N60-P60
      13.4, 13.2, 13.3 # N60-P90
   )
 )
 # Save as Excel file
 write.xlsx(fertilizer_data, "fertilizer_data.xlsx")
 # Launch the app
 twoway_rbd()
 # Instructions for users:
 # 1. Click "Choose .xlsx or .csv" and select fertilizer_data.xlsx
 # 2. Select post-hoc test method (e.g., "LSD" or "Tukey HSD")
 # 3. Customize plot appearance:
       - Select font style
       - Adjust font size
 # 4. Set output filename
 # 5. Click "Analyze"
 # 6. View results in different tabs
 # 7. Download comprehensive Word report
 # Clean up
 unlink("fertilizer\_data.xlsx")
}
# Example 3: Using clipboard data
if(interactive()) {
 # Copy this to clipboard:
 # Temperature,Light,Replication,Growth_Rate,Chlorophyll
 # Low, Dark, 1, 2.1, 15.2
 # Low, Dark, 2, 2.0, 15.0
 # Low, Dark, 3, 2.2, 15.1
 # Low, Medium, 1, 2.8, 16.5
 # Low, Medium, 2, 2.7, 16.3
 # Low, Medium, 3, 2.9, 16.4
 # Low, High, 1, 3.2, 17.8
 # Low, High, 2, 3.1, 17.6
 # Low, High, 3, 3.3, 17.7
 # High, Dark, 1, 2.5, 14.8
 # High, Dark, 2, 2.4, 14.6
 # High, Dark, 3, 2.6, 14.7
 # High, Medium, 1, 3.5, 16.2
 # High, Medium, 2, 3.4, 16.0
 # High, Medium, 3, 3.6, 16.1
 # High, High, 1, 4.2, 17.5
 # High, High, 2, 4.1, 17.3
 # High, High, 3, 4.3, 17.4
 twoway_rbd()
 # Click "Use Clipboard Data" after copying data
}
```

```
# Example 4: Multiple response variables with variety trial
if(interactive()) {
  # Create data with multiple responses
  variety_trial <- data.frame(</pre>
    Irrigation = rep(c("Full", "Deficit"), each = 18),
Variety = rep(rep(c("V1", "V2", "V3"), each = 6), times = 2),
    Replication = rep(1:6, times = 6),
    Yield = rnorm(36, mean = rep(c(5.5, 5.0, 4.8, 4.2, 3.8, 3.5)), each = 6), sd = 0.2),
    WUE = rnorm(36, mean = rep(c(2.2, 2.4, 2.3, 2.8, 3.0, 2.9), each = 6), sd = 0.1),
   Biomass = rnorm(36, mean = rep(c(12.5, 11.8, 11.2, 10.2, 9.8, 9.5), each = 6), sd = 0.5)
  )
  # Save as Excel file
  write.xlsx(variety_trial, "variety_trial.xlsx")
  # Launch the app
  twoway_rbd()
  # Clean up
  unlink("variety_trial.xlsx")
```

# **Index**

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